



16TH EUROPEAN CONFERENCE ON
COMPUTER VISION

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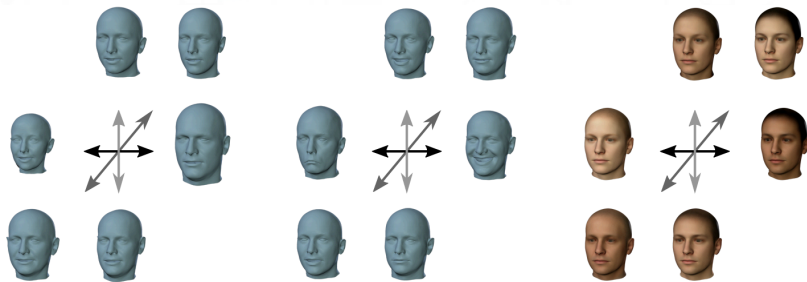
Personalized Face Modeling for Improved Face Reconstruction and Motion Retargeting

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Challenges

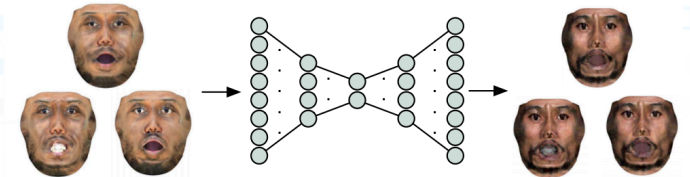
Face model representation by existing methods is not user-specific;
hence insufficient for both reconstruction and retargeting



3D parametric face models¹ (3DMM)



Blendshape deformation transfer²



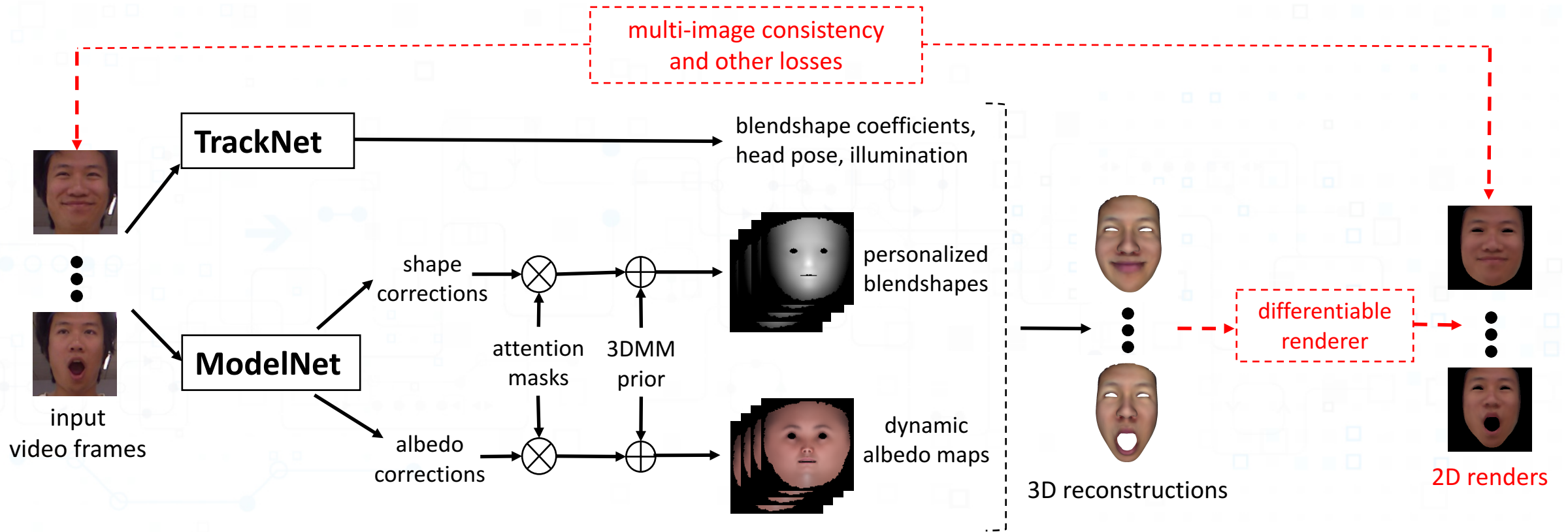
Face texture synthesis³

¹3D Morphable Face Models - Past, Present and Future, B.Egger et al., *ACM TOG June 2020*

²Deformation Transfer for Triangle Meshes, Sumner and Popovic, *SIGGRAPH 2004*

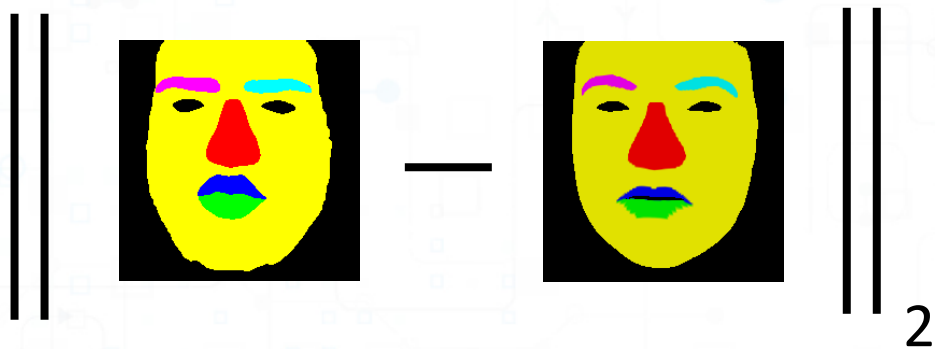
³Realistic Dynamic Facial Textures from a Single Image using GANs, Olszewski et al., *ICCV 2017*

Proposed Framework



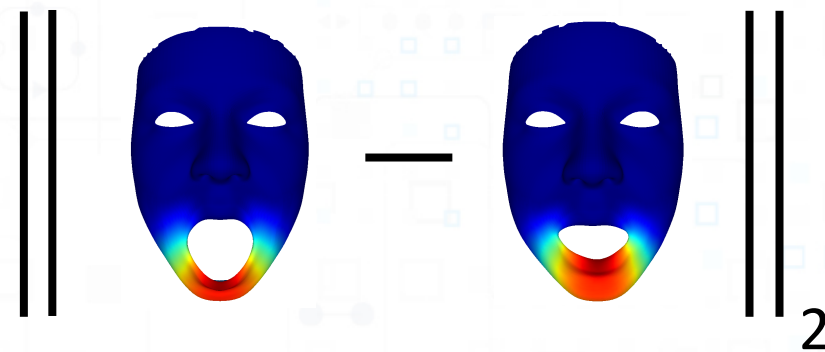
Novel Training Constraints

Face parsing loss



- Disentangles geometry from albedo
- Provides stronger supervision than 2D landmarks

Blendshape gradient loss

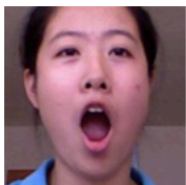


- Regularizes geometry correction
- Retains semantic meaning of blendshapes

Importance of Personalized Modeling

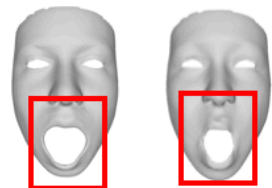
User-specific face model

Input



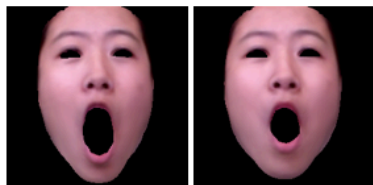
Blendshape

Uncorrected Corrected



Reconstruction

Uncorrected Corrected

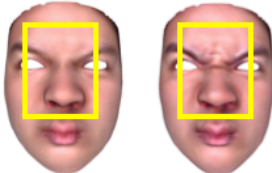


Input



Albedo

Uncorrected Corrected



Reconstruction

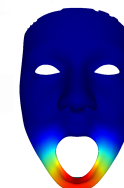
Uncorrected Corrected



Corrected geometry with parsing loss

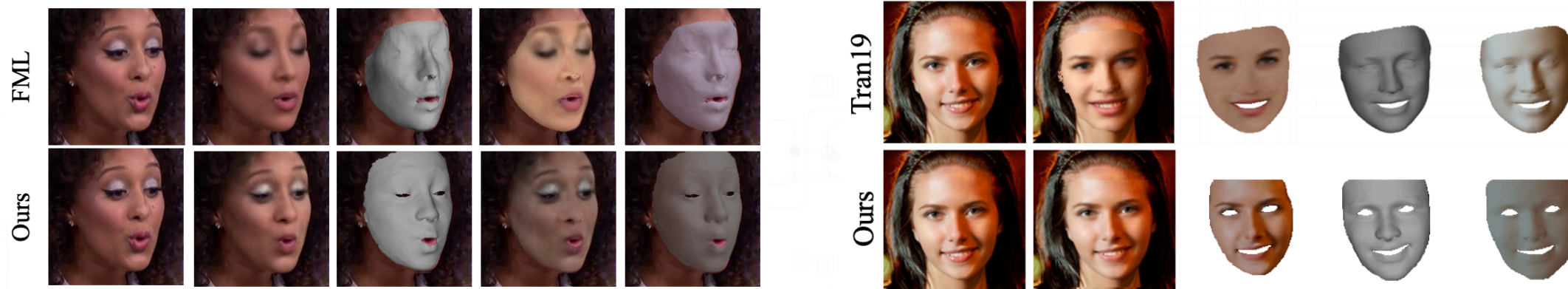


Semantically correct personalized blendshapes

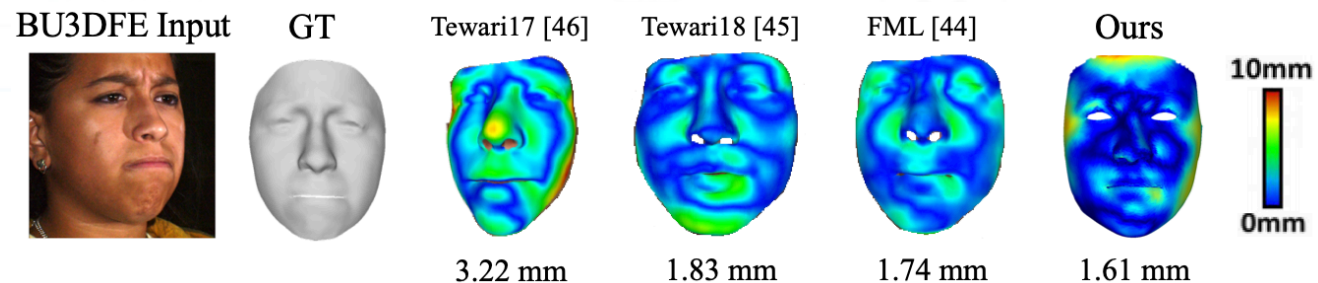


Reconstruction Results

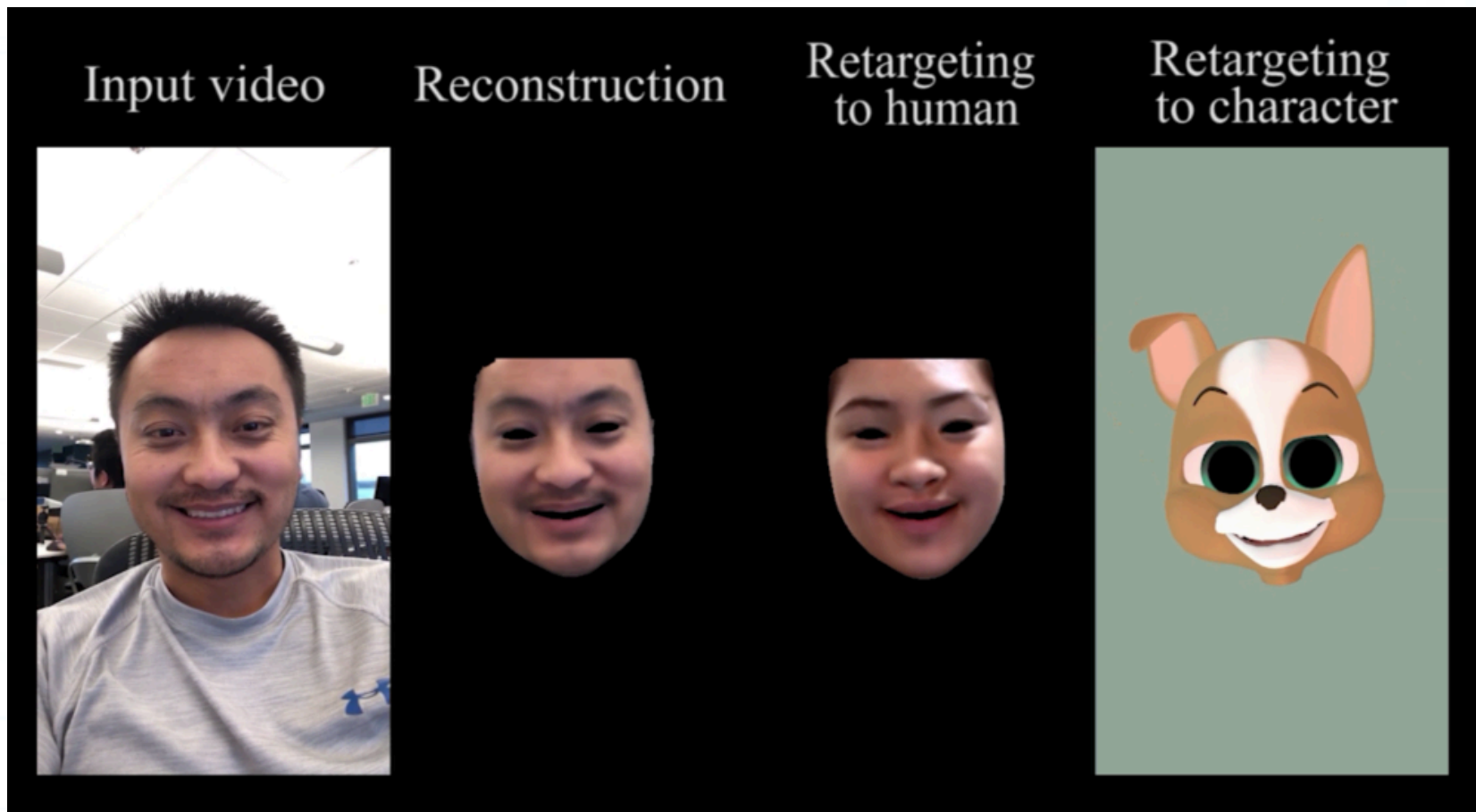
Qualitative Comparison:



Quantitative Comparison:



Retargeting Results



Thank you!



Project webpage: <https://homes.cs.washington.edu/~bindita/personalizedfacemodeling.html>